

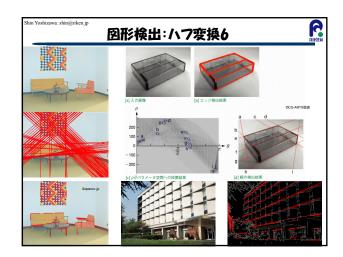


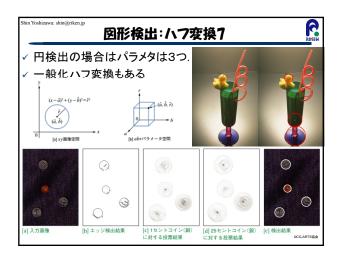


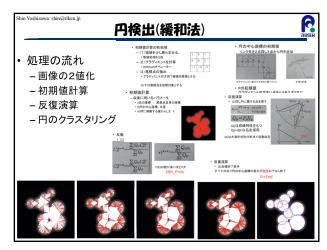


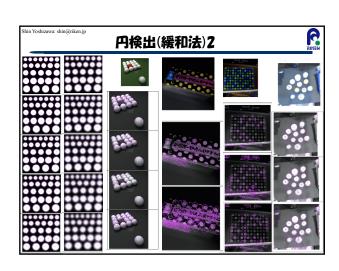
cv空間 a

xy空間

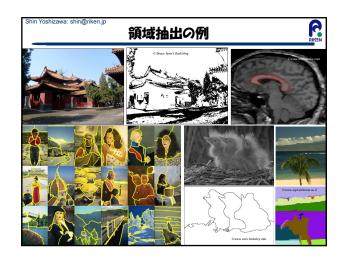


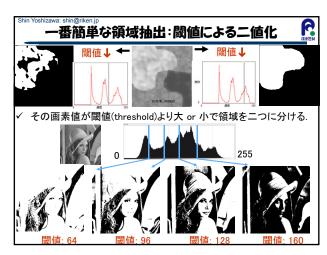


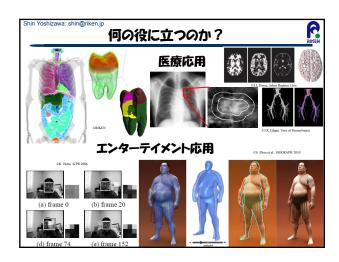


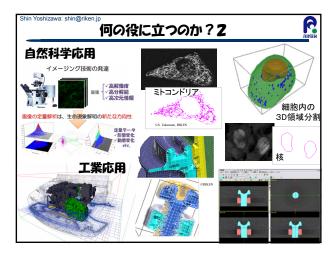


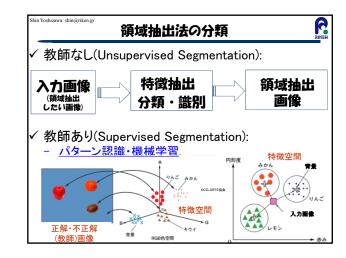


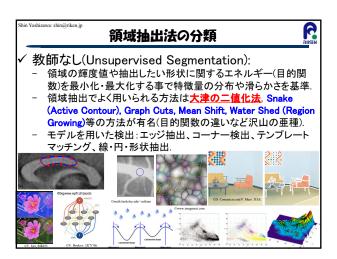


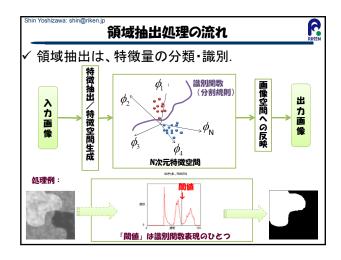


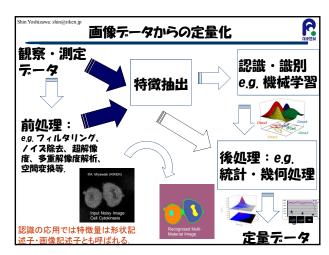


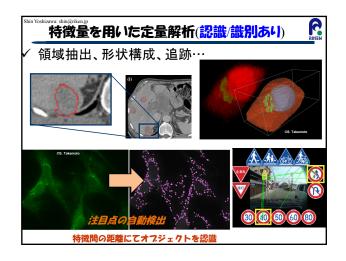


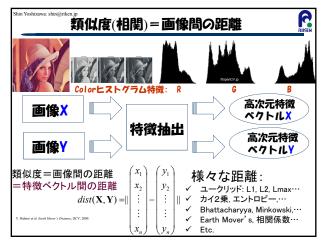










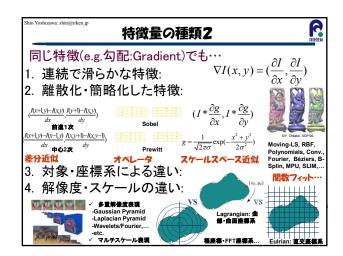






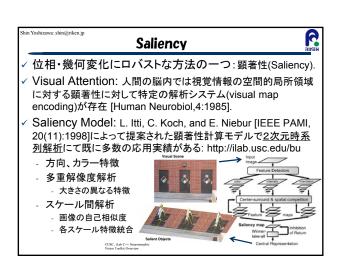
特徴量の種類

- 1. 普遍的な特徴: 基本的に数学の分野別.
 - √ 幾何特徴:長さ、面積、曲率、計量テンソル、測度、オイラー数、Index…
 - ✓ 解析特徴: Gradient、Hessian、Lapalcian、フーリエ係数、球面調和関数、Wavelet…
 - ✓ 代数特徵:固有值、行列式、階数…
 - ✓ 統計特徵:平均、分散、頻度、相関係数…
 - ✓ etc. …組み合わせも有り e.g. 曲率のGrad…
- 2. 問題依存(Ad hoc)の特徴:
 - ✓ 実験的・経験的に提唱された量.
 - ✓ Specificな応用のみで意味がある量:
 - e.g. 生物遺伝解析等で用いられている画像記述子(パラメータ).

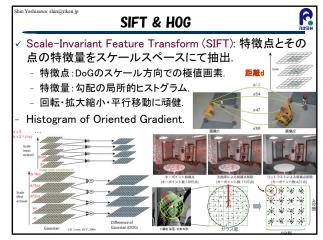


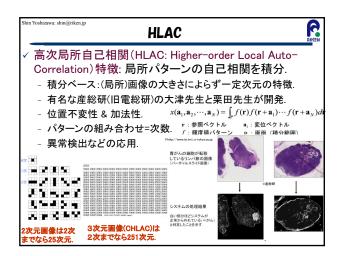
✓ パターン認識ではSaliency, HLAC, PARCOR, SIFT, HOG, Shape-lets, テクスチャー統計量, 関数展開系(フーリエ, Wavelets, 球面調和, Zernike 関数, KL展開, 固有関数展開などの係数列)…. ✓ 重要な要素: 不変量、性質(加法性:画像を足したら、特徴量も足される). e.g. Rotational Invariants: 回転変換に不変

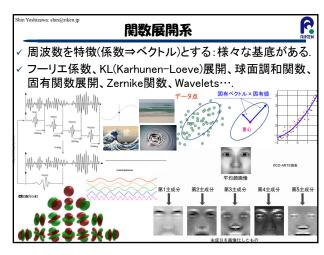
特徴量の種類3

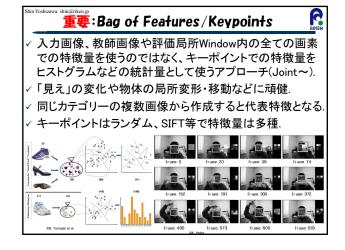


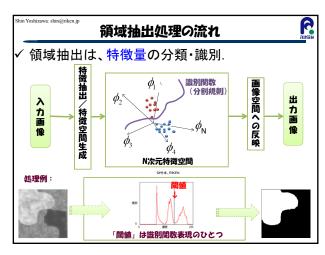


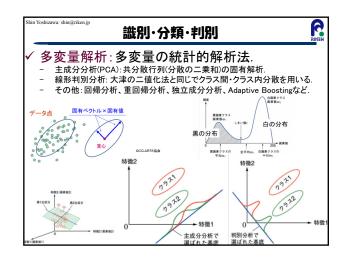


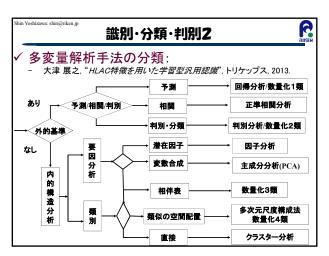


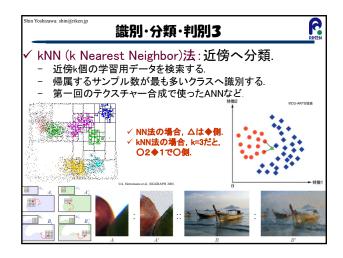


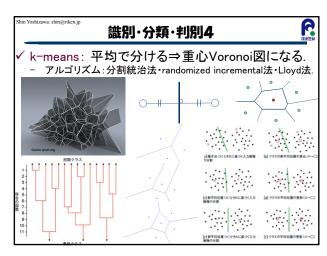


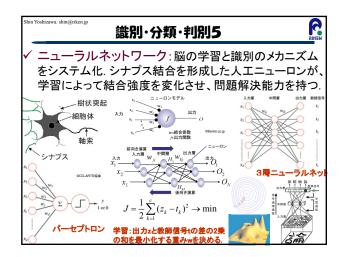


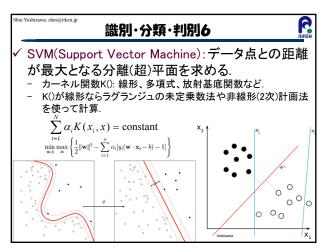


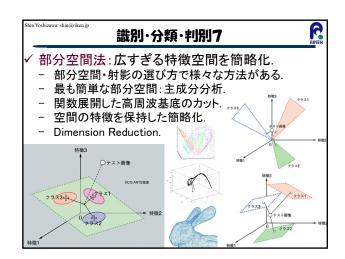


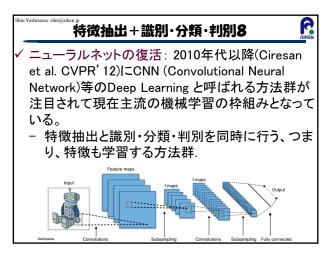


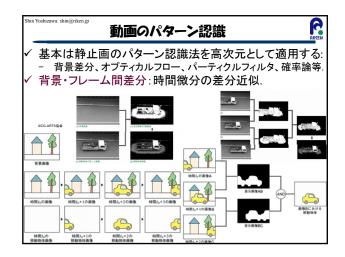


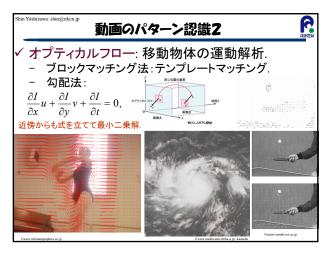


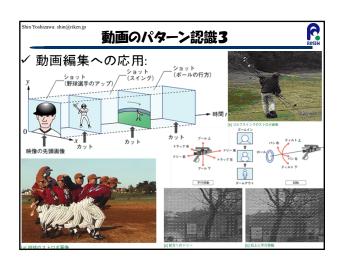


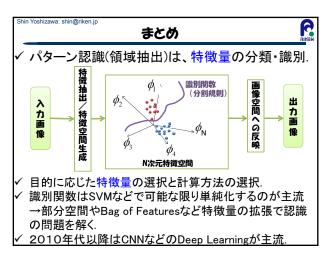












あわれに、

みなさん良く頑張りましたd(>_・)
今日で本講義は終わりです.
みんな最後まで来てくれてありがとー
の(≧∇≦)0

またいつかお会いしましょう!
ヾ(^-^)ゞ